#### REFORM BILLS DEBATED.

HOW THE COUNTY CLERK SHOULD BE PAID. "JIMMY" OLIVER A LONESOME MINORITY-LITTLE

OBJECTION TO THE MEASURES, [FROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, April 1 .- This was an All Fools' Day to those friends of the Sheriff, County Clerk and Register of New-York who thought that the Assembly would not look favorably upon the reform bills introduced by the Roosevelt Committee. Rarely have measures been treated with more friendly consideration. Much of this change in the attitude of the Assembly toward the bills is due to Mr. Rice and William E. Smith, the leaders of the Democratic Assemblymen. They say they have not been actually hostile to the measures, but merely desirous of offering certain amendments to them. As soon as Mr. Roosevelt had assured them that they should have the opportunity of offering and debating these amendments they determined to offer no further factious opposition to the consideration of the bills.

Before the Assembly met this morning an informal caucus was held by the Democrats, at which it was resolved to give aid to Mr. Roosevelt in pushing the bills. An attempt was also made to persuade Mr. Oliver of New-York, who had announced that he intended to oppose the bills bitterly, not to fulfil his determination. Mr. Oliver could not be persuaded to change his purpose, however, and as soon as the Assembly went into Committee of the Whole on the bills in relation to the County Clerk ne began delivering a speech against those measares. He scornfully sketched the various reform movements in New-York, arguing that all reformers were merely men seeking office. He said that the County Clerk ought to receive large compensation. and not be put upon "the small salary of \$15,000," ha view of his large responsibilities. After Mr. Oliver's denunciation of the bill had continued for two hours Mr. Rice, interrupting him, said that in behalf of the Democratic minority he would warn ben that the minority were not supporting him in his attack on the bill, and if he should continue it they would vote to order the bill to a third reading without further debate. Mr. Oliver seemed stunned by this announcement from his party leader, for he stood silent for a tew seconds, and then abruptly took his seat. COUNTY CLERKS THROUGH THE STATE.

Then followed a rational debate on the bill over an amendment offered by W. E. Smith providing that of County Clerk if the State should receive fees, and that the various Boards of Supervisors should name the salaries of these officers. Mr. Dayton, of New-York, said that Mr. Roosevelt, in proposing by his bill to deprive the County Clerk of his fees and put him on a salary, was going back to a system which had been discarded thirty years before. He thought that reforms ought to be made in the County Clerk's office, but not such a radical one. Still he should support the bill. Mr. Hubbell, of Monroe County, earnestly supported the bill, stated that the fees of the County Clerk of Monroe County amounted to \$15,000 yearly; and then moved that the bond of the County Clerk of New-York be increased to \$100,000. Mr. Rice said Mr. Hubbell's statement concerning the fees received by the County Clerk of Monroe County showed that the County Clerk of Monroe County showed that the County Clerk of Monroe County showed that the County Clerks all over the State ought to be deprived of their fees as well as the County Clerk of New-York. ton, of New-York, said that Mr. Roosevelt, in pro-

prived of their fees as well as the County Clerk of New-York.

Mr. Clinton, of Erie County, stated that the County Clerk of that county received \$30,000 yearly. Mr. Rice complained that the evidence taken by the Roosevelt Committee concerning the County Clerk of New-York, had not yet all been printed. Mr. Roosevelt replied that it would have been printed if the Governor and Attorney-General bad not desired to inspect it before it went to the printer. Mr. Haggerry, of New-York, another Democrat, said that he was in tayor of Mr. Smith's amendment. Mr. Roosevelt, with the consent of the Democrats, then moved that the bill should be routered to a third reading. The motion was adopted by a manimous vote. W. E. Smith next moved that the bill should be recommitted to the Investigating Committee, with instructions to add his amendment providing that all the County Clerks in the State should receive salaries. A vote by ayes and mays was taken on the amendment. Nearly all the Democrats voted for is, and a few Republicans, Most of the Republicans and Messers. Nelson and Welch, Democrats, of the Roosevelt Committee, voted against it. It was defeated by a vote of 43 to 63.

The bill putting the Register on a salary of

The bill putting the Register on a salary of \$12,000, and depriving him of his fees, was con-sidered for a few moments, and was ordered to a third reading by a unanimous vote.

The Assembly will continue its consideration of

# PHASES OF STATE LEGISLATION.

ARQUMENTS ON VARIOUS BILLS-ACTION OF COM-MITTEES,

tions of the State was present in favor of the bill. Ex-Senator John G. Boyd, of New-York, made an argument in support of the bill. Channey M. Depew took strong de against the measure, and in his remarks compa mented Senator Boyd as the only sincere anti-monopolist he had ever met. The committee took no action.

The bill incorporating the New-York Conservatory of Music, and the old permitting the laying of water pipes in the city of New-York, under the authority of the Sinking Fund Commissioners, will be reported favorably by the Assembly Cities Committee.

Governor Cleveland this afternoon gave a hearing on the bill reducing the fees of Sandy Heek pilots 25 per cent. It is generally understood that he will sign the bill. The Railroad Commission beard arguments by J. E. A. Moore and others against the New-York Central and Judson River Railroad. The complanants ask a reduction of freight charges on milk white they regard as excessive. They ask that the rates be reduced to thirty-cents per can. Mr. Depew, Superintendent Bissell and others opposed the request. No action was taken. The Senate Canais Committee will report favorably the bill reducing grain elevator charges, with an amendment excluding trimming charges.

The Senate Cities Committee will report favorably Mr. Plankut's bills changing the grade between Fifty ninth and One-hundred-and-thrity-third sts., Ninth-ave, and Central Park, and establishing a public place in the Twenty-second Ward. The committee heard arguments in favor of Mr. Robb's bill for the repayement of Fifthave. the bill reducing the fees of Sandy Hook pilots 25 per

## OPPOSED TO EXTENDING THE BRIDGE.

ALBANY, April 1 .- Attorney-General O'Brien this afternoon gave a hearing on the application of Os wald Ottendorfer and other property-owners bordering on the New-York side of the Brooklyn Bridge, to begin proceedings to prohibit the Bridge trustees from extending the approach to the Bridge across Tryon Row to City Hall Park. The petitioners were represented by Charles F. MacLean, who read a petition reciting the fact that the Bridge was already a completed structure, and that further extension was tilegal.

W. N. Dykeman, representing the Bridge trustees, read the act under which the Bridge was constructed, and insisted that the trustees had the undoubted right to extend the entrance across to City Hall Park. Aaron J. Vander-poel, E. H. Laconte, Assistant Corporation Counsel, of New-York, and Corporation Counsel Taylor, of Brocklyn, also contended that the Bridge trustees had the power to

nake the proposed improvements.

Samuel Hand and Malcolm Graham strongly protested against the proposed action of the Bridge authorities, and maisted that they had no legal right to build the proposed Attorney-General O'Brien reserved his decision.

# MORALS FROM GOETHE'S "FAUST."

DISCUSSION BY T. B. WARBNAN, PROFESSOR WERNER AND RABBI GOTTHEIL.

"Life Lessons from Goethe's Faust" was the title of an address given by Thaddeus B. Wakeman at the meeting of the Mineteenth Century Club in the parlors of Courtland: Palmer last night. Mr. Wakeman spoke of the high position not only as a poet, but as a prophet, as signed to Goethe by modern students. It was his fortune not only to have the capacity of absorbing what knowledge the world had attained, but the capacity to "forefeel all that the human race could achieve," The most remarkable characteristic of the man was his extraordinary veracity in mirroring the objective in nature truly. All his poems were but a part of his own biography, and without meaning it he became the solution of his own age in himself. In " Faust " was the whole story of what man could achieve and an expost tion of the new relations of man to the outside world that grew out of the displacement of the geocentric by the heliocentric astronomy. It taught that God was infinite, impersonal and impossible to be understood. In the carsing seems all the myths of the past were " Faust" taught the great lessons that all theologies and metaphysics must be dropped out of life, and that there was no individual salvation, save as the whole human race was regenerated. Science connot save man except by bringing him to the feet of Beauty, which was Goodness, and the salvation of man by his own works was the outcome of Faust's life and ex-

Parke Godwin, who had been expected to speak, was kept away by sickness. In criticising the lecturer Prolessor Adolph Werner, of the College of the City of New-York, said that it might be argued that the lesson of Faust was that man could not do anything without the assistance of the devil. The

moral might also be drawn that when once a leasue was made with the evil one "you couldn't get rid of him." The other leason would be that so long as man lives he is liable to err.

Rabbi Gottheil said that he could not accept Mr. Wakeman's theory that Goothe's "Faust" would be the future 19ble. It might serve as the foundation for a new religion, the better from the fact that a half-dozen sects in the different commentaties on the drama already existed. [Laughter.] The book showed more than any other the utter futility of all attempts to build up life on an intellectual basis alone. If it had to be accepted as religion he (the speaker) considered that Gretchen's philosophy was the true one for human needs. She, lying at the feet of the Virgin Mary crying for mercy, was a truer type of humanity than Fanst flying from her ruin to seek new plossures. If he would build a new religion on the work he would take Gretchen as its saint, and Fanst would take the place of the evil one in the Christian economy. There were many things in Goethe's works which would make a sublime Bible, but "Fanst" was not the book which would furnish the greatest quots of wisdom to it. Fanst was led through many scenes only to realize the lesson taught to every child at the outset—that we must live not for ourselves but for others.

The subject of the discussion at the next meeting will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "Marriage and Divorce," and among the speakers will be "M

## ARRESTED FOR BEATING A PUPIL.

THE TEACHER'S STORY OF THE PROVOCATION AND PUNISHMENT.

Ida Miller, age twelve, living at No. 345 West Sixteenth-st., returned to her home at noon on Monday bearing evidences of a beating administered by her school-teacher. She and her brother and sister attended the Industrial School of the Children's Aid Society, at No. 211 West Eighteenthst. Her teacher was Fannie O'Keefe, age twentyone, of No. 206 East Thirty-fifth-st. Mrs. Miller sought the intervention of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. To Saperintendent Jenkins the girl said that because she refused to obey the teacher when she was told to place her school-bag on a desk the teacher assaulted her violently, first slapping her on the face and then, having secured a boy to hold her, beating her about the haid aed left aria. Dr. Morton, who examined her, found her arm and knuckles bruised and discolored, he also ascertained that the girl's lungs were affected, and that her physical condition was such that the treatment to which she had been subjected had caused serious results. Since being punished she has had several attacks of bleeding from the and sister attended the Industrial School of the and caused serious results. Since being punished the has had several attacks of bleeding from the

In the Jefferson Market Police Court, before Jus-In the Jefferson Market Police Court, before Justice Patterson, yesterday, Miss O'Keefe was examined. She was accompanied by John W. Skinner, Superintendent of the Industrial Schools and Dr. Schultz, school trustee of the Twenty-first Ward. Superintendent Jenkins told the story and characterized the teacher's sction as cruel in the extreme. He maintained that the same rule prohibiting corporal punishment observed in the public ing corporal punishment observed in the public schools should be maintained in the Industrial

ing corporal punishment observed in the public schools should be maintained in the Industrial Schools.

Miss-O'Keefe said that the child was disobedient and insolent, and that the principal, Miss Haight, had authorized her to punish any one of her pupils who deserved it. The girl had behaved badly, during the morning, she said, and she ordered her to remain in her seat. She continued:

Without my permission the girl started to go. I called her back and ordered her to return her school-bag to the desk. She persistently retused, and said, "I dare yent to touch me." I kept my temper as long as I could. It takes a pretty good teacher to stand all that, and I couldn't. I shapped her face. She then said to me. "You duty oid rotten-menthed thing." At this I got a boy to hold her, and catching her by the wrist I struck her on the knuckles with my ratian. In the afternoon her mother called in the class-room and abused ne before my scholars. I asked her to be scated and speak over the matter quietly, saying that I had been somewhat hasty in chastising her child, but she refused to become quiet, and called me all sorts of names.

Superintendent Jenkins said that the case was

Superintendent Jenkins said that the case was only one of numerous complaints which had been made, at the society's office of children punished in the school. Three week ago, the girl's brother, he said, was soundly thrashed by one of the teachers. Justice Patterson said that he did not doubt that the girl was overbearing, and that the teacher had been greatly provoked to administer the punishment; but, nevertheless, he considered it a question to be determined in the Court of Special Sessions. He fixed buil at \$300, and accepted Superintendent Skinner as security.

#### COMMISSIONER OSBORN RETIRES.

United States Commissioner John A. Osbora, who has been for twenty-one years deputy clerk of the United States District Court, has resigned that position and retired from office yesterday. He was made deputy clerk by Jadge Petts. Commissioner Osborn has had much experience in admiralty cases, but is best known as the commissioner who was most often called upon in extradition cases. For some years the signed nimost every extradition warrant that was issued in this city. He extradited, among other criminals, Raudazzi, the neted Italian brigand. Commissioner Osbora intends to practise law at No. 45 Williamst. after May I, and will make a specialty of admiralty cases. Histemporary place of business is at No. 50 Wall-st, Samuel W. Hitchrock, a cierk in Clerk Lyman's office, has been appointed deputy clerk of the court. the United States District Court, has resigned that

ALBANY, April 1.—The Assembly Judiciary the college. The platform was decorated with bouquets and baskets of flowers. Diller's orchestra furnished music. Stephen Cutter, president of the Beard of Trustees, presided. Among those on the platform members of the faculty were Mr. and Mrs. W J. Demorest, the Rev. Dr. Samson, and Mrs. C. Fowler Demorest, the Rev. Dr. Samson, and Wells. Mrs. Clemence 8. Lozler, M. D., Dean of the cellege, said there had been forty students under inwells. Mrs. Camerica S. Lordy students under instruction in the classes during the present term. After B. Campbell, Mr. D., made a statement of the condition of the college on the part of the trustees. The Hippocratic onth was administered by Professor Edmand Carieton, and the president then conferred the degrees on the following aradnates: Mrs. Lizzle C. Biair, Miss Mary A. Dale, Miss Sarah C. Martineau, Mrs. Mary E. Partridge, Miss Mary E. Graely. Mrs. Mars S. Fredericks, Miss May Whitaken and Miss Eliza J. E. Hays. Uplomas were issued to the forty undergraduates. Gold medials were awarded to Miss Mary E. Graely. Miss Grady delivered the valedictory on the part of the class. After an address by the hev. Dr. Darwin E. Maxson, Frofessor Henry R. Styles delivered a valedictory on the part of the faculty. After the exercises a reception was given the graduates by the alumni of the college. There were more than a hundred of the alumni present and toasts were responded to by the Dean of the college, Dr. W. Storm White, Dr. Lizzle C. Blair, Mrs. J. G. Brinbman, M. D., Mrs. Lillie Devyrenux Blake, the Rev. C. S. Harrower and J. H. K. Wilcox.

## BIRTHDAY PARTY AT THE BRUNSWICK.

Mrs. G. D. Roberts gave a birthday party to her daughter, Miss Louise Roberts, last evening, at the Hotel Brunswick. The ball room was divided by a hedge of tall paims to make a smaller room for the party and the nantels were banked with roses. A party of sixteen adies sat down to dine at a table in the abape of a horseshoe, the inner edge of which was covered with white roses. At the head of the table was a large horse-shoe of pink roses with the age of the young lady, sixteen, in violets on a ground of white carnations. Each lady had a menu painted by hand with her name and a scene upon it. menu painted by hand with her name and a scene upon it.

Herbert's quintet furnished music, which included solos
on the harp, guitar, and zither. Miss Roberts was attired
in erram white sik and lace, pink silk slippers and pink
roses. Mrs. Roberts was attired in garnet silk. The
others present were Mrs. A. Stevenson, Mrs. Gillette,
Mrs. Sherwood, Mrs. Bremond, Miss Jennie Sherwood,
Miss Clara luce, Miss Swenson, Miss Emma Gillette,
Miss Ranyon, Miss Susie Ranyon, Miss Hattis Ince, Miss
Boynton, and Miss Stone. In the evening gentlemen
joined the party and there was dancing in one of the parlors.

## LESS FOLLY THAN USUAL ON FOOL'S DAY.

April Fool's Day passed quietly yesterday, Whether it was because there are fewer fools in New-York than formerly, or because there are so many that foolishness does not become readily manifest, a TRIBUNE reporter was unable to discover; but the fact still renamed that the fools did not prey upon each other with that rapacity of idiocy which usually characterizes fools in this city. Broadway is the chosen place for fools, and in this city. Broadway is the chosen place for fools, and many of the promegaders on the upper part of the thoroughfare bore such unmistakable evidences of foolishness that the additions of tags and chalk-marks or senedi work seemed like painting the lily or refining pure gold. The one person who had the most to endure and who carned the crown of martyrdom was the school-teacher. She it was who found shoemaker's wax on her chair and red pepper in the ventilator and tacks in her peckets, and she it was who laid by such a find of resentment against cortain young ideas that June examinations will be regarded with fear and trembling for the rest of the term. Young wives had a mysterious way of preparing cotton griddicakes and arranging broken-backed bed-slate in ways exasperating to their liete lords, and the charmingly innocent newsboys sold newspapers which were a season old with the solle of perfect honesty.

## OFFICERS OF THE OLD GUARD.

The Old Guard assembled in force last night for the election of officers. George W. McLean was elected Major for the sixteenth time. General John B. Woodward was elected captain of the first company; Colonel Thomas F. Morris, captain of the second company; Colonel Edward L. Gaul, first lieutenant of the first company; Henry L. Faris, first lieutenant of the second company; Captain E. A. Demarest, second lieutenant of company; Captain E. A. Demarest, second lieutenant of the first company; James P. Whitfield, second lieuten-ant of the second company; Captain Isaac E. Hoagland and George S. Plympton, first sergoants; E. Dunean Smiffen and Peter Kenny, second sergeants; John W. Robertson and Morran Robertson, Inital sergeants; A. Mead and Joseph H. Horton, fourth sergeants; and John A. Chasman, W. K. Paye, A. S. Pyatt, Victor E. Wetmore, A. D. Griswold, Richard J. Leggat, George H. Rich, Charles H. Heustis, James H. Brown and M. H. Bergen, corporals. The staff officers will be announced by the Major in a few days.

The latest from Mr. Tilden—That he is in the prime of life and health, but that he doesn't want to.—[New-York Gzschle.]

## THE POLITICAL FIELD.

HENRY B. PAYNE NOT A CANDIDATE.

HIS SON SAYS HE WOULD NOT ACCEPT THE NOM-INATION IF IT WERE TENDERED HIM.

IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. WASHINGTON, April 1 .- Dr. Morrison Munford, proprietor of The Kansas City Times, who has been in New-York for some days, sent a dispatch to The Times to-night, in which he says that by authority and at the request of Colonel Oliver H. Payne, he announces that under no circumstances will Henry B. Payne be a candidate for the Presidential nomination. Colonel Payne, it is said, declares that this conclusion has been reached after mature consideration, and is positive, unequivocar and un-

Mr. Payne's determination is described to be so firm, that even if the nomination should be tendered to him, he would decline it.

#### A TALK WITH MR. TILDEN.

HE SAYS HE IS NOT A CANDIDATE-OBSERVATIONS

ON HIS PHYSICAL CONDITION.
BALTIMORE, April 1.—In view of the many conflicting "interviews" with Mr. Tilden which have been published, The Sun yesterday sent one of its most trusted correspondents to New-York to see that gentleman for the purpose of obtaining something that might be regarded as authentic. The Sun will publish to-morrow a dispatch received to-night from its correspondent

row a dispatch received to-night from its correspondent in New-York, saying:

Ex-Governor Triden sat in an easy-chair in front of the open fire in his library, at 10 o'clock this morning, looking quite comfortable and satisfied with hinself and the outer world. As I entered his presence he arose, and, with a smiling welcome, extended his hand. His warm personal friend and confidential adviser, John Bigelow, was with him, and the two gentlemen, who had been discussing current events and politics, at once admitted me to the conversational circle. Governor Tilden shows scarcely a perceptible change in appearance in the last four years, except that his voice may be a trifle more feeble. He has a line, healthy color, his hearing is acute and his eye as bright as it was twenty years ago. In the course of the conversation he expressed himself quite freely several times, but immediately followed his remarks with the humaction that he was not speaking for publication. Mr. Bigelow explained that Governor Tilden had been so caucily misrepresented in print—sometimes, perhaps, unintentionally—that he had determined to authorize no more inserviews. Occasionally, persons who come nominally as friends went off and gave exaggerated accounts to the newspapers. This it was difficult to avoid, as Mr. Tilden wished to be courteous, as far as possible, but it was a source of much annoyance to him. Mr. Bigelow said that if Governor Tilden was to see all the "interviewers" who called, his mansion would be converted into a barrack.

CANNOT TAKE A NOMINATION.

CANNOT TAKE A NOMINATION. Mr. Tilden asked me about the progress of legislation in Washington, and what the Democratic majority of the House would do. He had decided opinions in this respect, House would do. He had decided opinions in this respect, but did not wish them recorded. I said to him that there was a very general feeing in political circles in Weshington that the Democratic party had gotten into a muddle; that he was the only man who could extricate it, and that his candidacy was a necessity. At this he leaned over close to my ear, and said very alowly and distinctly, 'I do not want the nomination and cannot take it.' Then he said, 'No, I cannot give up the peace and quiet which I enjoy here for four years of toll and strife. I am seventy years old and I cannot do it.' I then said lich had been runored that it was his purpose to write a formal letter amounteme his position with reference to the Presidency. He said he had thought of that and it was not improbable that he would do it, but not yet. I then suggested that periaps he would follow the same course as in 1880, and intrust the letter to some friend to be laid before the convention when it assembled. He said Mr. Bigelow did not want nim to write a letter at all.

"Mr. Bluelow spoke up and said: 'That is so. There is no sufficient pretext for writing any letter at present; nor should there be nay misapprehension as to Mr. Tilden's attitude on this subject. He is not called upon to make any further declaration now.

"Upon rising to leave, I said to Mr. Tilden that his friends and alprolonged life. His face be ghiened up as he said: 'I do enjoy good health. I have no complaint to make on that score.' He then raised and let fail each arm, struck out from both shoulders, and followed this with a vigorous stamping of first one foot and then the other on the carpet and said quite localarly "no paralysis there." Taking my arm be walked with a firm step the whole length of the spacious library and parted from me at the door with a cerdial grasp of the hand and with the request to convey like kindly recards to his frieads in Maryiand. but did not wish them recorded. I said to him that there

law at No. 45 Williamst, after May I, and will make a speciality of admiralty cases. His temporary place of business is at No. 50 Wall-st. Samuel W. Hitchrock. a clerk in Clerk Lyman's office, has been appointed deputy clerk of the court.

EIGHT WOMEN PHYSICIANS GRADUATED.

The twenty-first annual commencement of the New-York Mesical College and Hospital for Women was held last evening in Association Hall. There were eight graduates. The hall was filled with the friends of the college. The platform was decorated with bonquets and baskets of flowers. Diller's orchestra furnished music. Stephen Cutter, president of the Beard of Trustees, presided. Among those on the platform with the likely be gratified. lkely to be gratified."

## SPRING ELECTIONS ON LONG ISLAND.

At the annual town meeting held yesterday in the Town Hall, in Grant-st. Flatbush, L. I., Justice A. A. Cox presided. The appropriations voted were for the Fire Department, \$350; for the Town Hall, \$1,100; for the Board of Health, \$600; and for election expenses, \$1,000. It was also voted to add thirty-five new hydrants to the twenty five now in the village, at an expense not to exceed \$3,000. Authority was given to make telephonic comnunication between the police headquarters of the town and police headquarters in Brooklyn. Over 700 voters ut of \$17 registered went to the poils and cast ballots for our Justices of the Peace. The election excited much in erest, but passed off quietly. There were so many scratched terest, but passed outqueety. There were so many scratche telects that the counting was not finished at a late hor last evening. It was conceded that the regular berne cratle ticket headed by Justice A. A. Cox was elected by about 100 majority. At the election for Justice of th Peace of New-Lots, Emil Scatilleine, (Dean.) was elected by 217 majority over Charles Gertum. Cornelius Propesson, was elected to the control of Supervisor Purqueson, was elected to the control of Supervisor Purqueson, was elected to the control of Supervisor Purqueson. by 217 majority over Charles Gertum. Cornelius Pur-gueson, jr., son of Supervisor Furgueson, was elected Justice of the Peace of New-Utrecht, with no opposi-

Justice of the Peace of New-Utrecht, with no opposition.

The town elections in Queens County passed off
quietly. The strife in the different towns was for the
offices of supervisor, town cierk and justice of the peace.
The vote polled in Jamica, Hempstend and Oyster Bay was
light, but in Newtown, Finshing and North Hempstend
there was a heavy vote. In Oyster Bay toe Democrate
elected John Cashew, supervisor; John H. Rensen, town
cierk, and John J. Powell, collector. In Hempstend, John
Wood, Republican, was elected supervisor; Russell Eldridge, collector. In North Hempstend, Jacob Fowell,
(Dem.) was elected supervisor. In Jamaica, which is
largely Democratic, there was great dissatisfaction with
the Democratic tleket made by the machine managers,
and many of the more reputable Democratic supported
the Republican candidates; Henry W. Rowland (Rep.)
was elected supervisor, and James Pyne (Dem.) town
clerk; \$3,500 was voted for the support of the poor. In
Newtown, Thomas F. McGowan (Dem.) was clerted.

clerk; \$3,500 was voted for the support of the poor.

Newtown, Thomas F. McGowan (Dem.) was elected supervisor, and H. O'Gorman (Dem.) town clerk.

At the East Hampton election, in Suffolk Cenaty, Jonathan Baker was elected without opposition. The "anti-dominie" Board of Trustees were elected by 180 majority. They are opposed to the sale and transfer of beaches and bay bottoms. The Southampton town canvass has been adjourned until to-day.

BLAINE DELEGATES IN PENNSYLVANIA. PITTSBURG, April 1 .- The Allegheny County Republican Conventions to-day resulted in the election of ten Blaine and four anti-Blaine delegates. On account of the withdrawal of the Blaine men from the Fourth Legislative District Convention, the four other delegates to which Allegheny County is entitled are claimed by both factions, and the fight will be carried to Harrisburg for settlement. The Elaine men withdrew from the convention because of alleged unfair decisions in regard to contested seats. The complexion of the delegation from the XXHd Congressio, al District to the Chicago National Convention depends on these four delegates, and the feeling in the convention is very bitter. The Blaine men claimed that two of their delegates who voted with the regulars had been bought, and demanded that their votes be counted for Braine. The Committee on Contested Seats refused to Sustain them in this, and the entire efficiency delegation then boiled, leaving the regulars to finish the work. The Blaine delegates repaired to the Chicago. Headquarters and made nominations, and as a result two sets of delegates repaired to the Chicago. Fourth Legislative District Convention, the four

#### WESTERN MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS. MILWAUKEE, April 1 .- Emil allber, Republican, is elected Mayor. The remainder of the ticket is Democratic. The council is Democratic. The Repub-licans favored graded liquor licenses and the Democrats

MINNEAPOLIS, April 1.-In the election for Mayor today, probably the heaviest vote ever known in the city was polied. The indications point to the election of Pillsbury (Rep.) over Ames (DCD.) by about 3,000 majority.

DELUTH, Minn., April 1.—The Anti-Franchise party siected J. D. Eusian Mayor here to-day by 150 majority.

STILLWAFER, Minn. April 1.—The High Liceuse ticket was elected here to-day by from 250 to 400 majority.

IN FAVOR OF BLAINE. EBENSBURGH, Penn., April 1 .- The Cambria County Republican Convention has elected delegates to the State Convention and favors Blaine for the Presi-

DIVIDED ALABAMA REPUBLICATA MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 1.-Two separate delegations were appointed to the Republican State Con-

vention to be held on the 15th inst. Both the Strobach and anti-Strobach factions indorse President Arthur's

BLAINE AHEAD AT ROCHESTER. ROCHESTER, April 1.-The Republicans held their city convention to-night to select seven delegates to the State Convention. Mayor Parsons, H. H. Edgerton, Henry J. Hetzel and F. C. Lauer were selected delegates. The three first favor Blaine and the other Arthur. An adjournment was taken till to-morrow night, when the other three delegates will be selected.

REPUBLICAN ACTIVITY IN OSWEGO. Oswego, April 1 .- The Republicans of the several wards are organizing to secure fair and orderly caucuses at which every Republican shall be allowed to vote, and to advance the interests of the Republican party by such means as will gain the respect of all good citizens. The First, Sixth and Seventh Wards have organized such clubs and the other wards will do likewise.

LEW WALLACE A CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR. Indianapolis, April 1.—Information has been received that General Lew Wallace, United States Minister to Turkey, and wife will return to Indiana in May for a visit. There is a sentiment in favor of nominati him for Governor by the Republican Convention.

A POLITICAL MASS MEETING IN JERSEY CITY. A large and enthusiastic mass meeting to ratify the nomination of Gilbert Collins, the citizens' candidate for Mayor, was held at the Academy of Music in Jersey City last night. Amous the speakers were F. G. Walbert, E. F. McD mald and Colonel John McAnerny, three of the most influential Democrats in the city.

#### OBITUARY.

HARRISON GRAY OTIS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Boston, April 1 .- The Journal announces the death this morning at Thune, Switzerland, of Harrison Gray Otis, son of a distinguished Boston lady, and grandson of one of the former Mayors of Boston. He was edu cated abread, and studied for a time in the Harvard Law School. He was sixty-one years old and leaves three children, daughter being the wife of a prominent Swiss officer.

#### MRS. ANNA OTTENDORFER.

Mrs. Anna Ottendorfer, wife of the Editor of The New-York Staats-Zeitung, died last evening, after a severe iliness lasting several months. Her maiden name was Sartorius. She was born in Würtzburg, Bavaria, on February 11, 1815, and came to New-York in 1836 as the wife of Jacob Utl, who started a printing office in Frankfort-st. In 1845 he bought The Staats-Zeitung, then a small weekly, and soon turned it into a daily. His wife was her husband's able hardworking co-laborer in wife was her husband's able hardworking co-laborer in his newspaper enterprise. Mr. Uhl died in April. 1852, and bis widow took control of the paper. In 1859 she narried Oswald Ottendorfer. For many years Mrs. Ottendorfer took an active part in the business management of the paper. She was noted for her benevolence. She founded and endowed liberally several public institutions, and always had an open hand for the deserving poor. In 1875 she founded the Isabella Home for Women; in 1831 the Hermann Uhl Educational Fund; in 1882 the Women's Pavinon of the German Hospital; and in 1883 the German Dispensary.

The funeral will take place on Friday at 1 p. m.

#### MARIE LITTON. LONDON, April 1 .- Marie Litton, the actress,

Miss Litten has long held a prominent place on the English stage, and for six years has managed the Imperial Theatre, in London, where she has revived "The Liar," "She Stoops to Conquer," "As you Like It" and other old comedies, taking the leading female parts her-self.

#### OBITUARY NOTES.

Eugene Sourbet died yesterday afternoon at his home, No. 141 Fourth-ave., of dropsy. He was born at Barac, in the South of France, in 1829, and he came to at Barac, in the South of France, in 1225, and he can be this city in 1856 and engaged in business as a wine importer. He was known for his many unostentations deeds of charity toward the less fortunate of his own countrymen. He was a member of La Sincerite Lodge of Free Masons, and the funeral will be held at the Masonic Temple on Thursday. The burial will take place in Greenwood. Mr. Souther leaves a wife, a son and a daughter. James T. Phelan, a merchant of Halifax, N. S., agsixty-four, who had been to the West Indies for the benefit of his health and was returning home on the steamer Newport, died at sea on Sunday morning. His body was forwarded to Halifax last night.

BALTIMORE, April 1.—David W. Grav, Deputy Collector of Customs of this port, died to-day. He had long een an invalid. Mr. Gray was also Consul of Peru at BRIDGEPORT, April 1.-Colonel George S. Crofut, 4th

Regiment C. N. G., died at his home in Dethel this after-noon. He served in the late war as Captain of Company G, 23d Connection Volunteers. At the close of the wa he joined the State militia; was elected Captain of Com-pany A, of Bethel. He was afterward promoted to b Major and then to be Colonel.

## THE FIRE RECORD.

CALAIS, Me., April 1 .- Peter Smart's board-Ing-house and barn, H. F. Eaton & Son's building and Somuel Mitchell's dwelling house were burned in Militow this morning. Eaton & Son's loss is \$7,000, insurance \$5,000. Mitchell's loss is \$1,800, insurance \$1,200. Smart's loss is \$3,000, insured. The Baptist church was stable decreased.

nd one house were burned have last night. The loss is ROCK FALLS, Ill., April 1.-H. F. Batcheller & Son's

nannfactering establishment was partially burned this forning. The loss is \$10,000, insurance \$3,000 in the liagars and German-American companies. BRADFORD, Vt., April L.-The engine and boiler house f the E'y mine was burned this morning. The engine and machinery cost over \$100,000 two years ago. It is hencht the engine and bolier are not wholly lost. The following's foundation was wholly destroyed. The fire was probably meendary. No insurance.

## MESMERIZED BY THE RUSTLE OF A DRESS.

Trouble was looked for at the regular monthly seeting of the " ord of School Trustees of the Seven-uth Ward, held in Frimary School No. 22, last evenng, over the comunks made to a reporter by Trustee corge H /cr concerning Major P. K. Horgan, a es Horgan and Dar lel J. Moore caused the punishnent of a leacher of lifteen years' standing, Miss Annie of Primary School No. 13. In speaking of or Mr. Beyer had said that the whole trou out the desire of Major Horgan, who was the con saint " of Miss Lydin A. Sherwood, to push her

con saint "of Miss Lydin A. Sherwood, to pass and A. A communication from the Board of Education received last evening directing the Trustees to rec Miss Gleese to her original position. The paper placed on file. Commenting on the action of Board of Education, Major Horgan said that he had assailed there. Every one knew that Dr. Wood honest, he said, but there were other members who we merized by the rustle of a lady's slik dress or as honest, he said, but there were other includes ever mesmerized by the rustle of a lady's silk dree e sight of her hoop-skirt. He thought Mr. Beyer halling that way. Mr. Beyer retorted that if Mr organ had kept out of the class-room, where he had asiness to be, there would have been no trouble.

## THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS. WASHINGTON April 1 .- For New-England, acreasing clouding s followed during Wednesday by ight rains, winds shifting to easterly, nearly stationary

For the Middle Atlantic States, slightly warmer, breatening weather and rain, southeast to southwest winds, lower barometer.

winds, lower barometer.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley rain followed by colder and partly cloudy weather, coutherly winds shifting to west and northwest.

For the Lower Lake region, rain or snow, generally cloudy weather, northeasterly winds becoming variable,

### TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. OURS: Moraing. Night 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 29,5

TRIBUNE OFFICE, April 2.-1 a. m .- During the Efair and cloudy weather of yesterday the movement in the barometer was downward. The temperature ranged between 34° and 53°, the average (42%°) being 14° lower than on the corresponding day last year and 6°8° likeser than on Mobday. Cloudy and warmer weather, with occasional light rain, may be expected to-day in this city and vicinity.

#### THE DISCOVERER OF AMERICA. Before the New-York Historical Society last

evening Dr. John Gilmary Shea read a paper on "Columand the Men of Palos." "There is little doubt," he said, " that Pinzon was the first one to discover land and said, "that Pinzon was the first one to discover land and that he was not deceived, as Columbus maintained, by a bank of clouds. When, later, land was discovered beyond all dispute, Rodrigo Bermudez, a sailor on Pinzon's vessel, the Pinta, was the discoverer; but the honor and the petty reward were claimed by Columbus on the ground that at night he had seen a light moving in the durkness. Columbus nowhere bestows any praise on Pinzon for his survices."

In view of the trouble at Cincinnati we feel authorized to say that Mr. Rossa is ready to receive more funds.—[New-York Graphic.

### RAILROAD INTERESTS.

INCREASED EARNINGS OF A WESTERN LINE. THE CONDITION OF CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND

QUINCY IN 1883. Boston, April 1 .- The Transcript prints the following figures taken from an advance sheet of the Chi-cago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company's annual report for 1883. The total gross earnings of the company, including leased roads and branches, were \$26,110,369; operating expenses, \$13,496,478; net earhings, \$12,613,891, as against \$10,266,842 in 1882. The net surplus for the year was \$987,646. The total funded debt on December 31, 1883, was \$77,408,490. Within the year 278½ miles of steel ralls were laid, making 1,889 miles of road thus equipped.

The actual length of the road in operation on December 31, 1883, was 3,322 miles. In addition the company controls and practically owns the Hamibal and \$8.1 Joseph. The increase in earnings in 1883 over the previous year was due in part to an increase of 155 miles in the average amount of road operated, but a more important cause of the increase was the crowth of business on many miles of road acquired in 1880, 1881 and 1882. The company carried into Chicago, in 1883, 30,000,000 bushels of corn, against 15,000,000 the year before, 26,000,000 in 1881, and 40,000,000 in 1880. The average rate of the freight earnings per ton per mile in the year was 1.2 cents, a little less than in 1882. debt on December 31, 1883, was \$77,408,490. Within

### RAILROAD BILLS IN THE SENATE. ALBANY, April 1.-The Railroad Commission bills were considered in the Senate to-day. The first one taken up prohibits officers and directors of railroad com-panies from speculating in the stocks of their corporations

inless they actually own the stock sold. The bill was ordered to a third reading.

The second bill allows directors of railroad companies

to make leases and contracts with other railroad companies by a vote of two-thirds of the stockholders. The bill empowers the Railroad Commission to designate the newspapers in which the necessary notices shall be newspapers in which the necessary notices shall de-printed Mr. Elisworth moved that Boards of Super-visors shall designate the newspapers. The amendment was adopted and the bill erdered to a third reading. Next in order came the bill allowing railroads to charge ten cents extra for tickets sold on cars, or twenty cents when the distance traversed is over 100 miles, provided that they shall give a receipt for the extra sum and refund it on the presentation of the receipt within fifteen days. A motion to strike out the enacting clause was car-ried 12 to 6.

The bill prohibiting parallel and competing railroad

ried 12 to 6

The bill prohibiting parallel and competing railroad lines from merging or consolidating was ordered to a talied reading.

The bill for the protection of life and property on railroads was next discussed, and ordered to third reading.

#### FREED FROM COURT SUPERVISION. CINCINNATI, April 1 .- The Ohio and Missis-

sippi Railroad to-day passed into the hands of the stock-holders, having been freed from the supervision of the United States Court by the removal of Receiver Douglas, when the control of the removal of Received Postsians according to the plan previously arranged. President W. W. Peabody, who now assumes the entire management of the road, states that there will be no change in the employes. There will be immediate additions to the rolling stock, especially engines and freight cars. The road has been in the hands of a receiver since No-

vember 17, 1876. In 1881 a change in the receiver was made as the first step toward the reorganization of the made as the first step toward the reorganization of the company. A plan was accepted by the stockholders in the following sprins, but it has just been carried into effect. Under it a new general mortgage of \$16,000,000 was authorized, of which \$12,784,000 was reserved to retire former bonds. It is understood that the balance of the issue has been markated.

#### A STRIKE OF FREIGHT BRAKEMEN. PHILADELPHIA, April 1.-A special dispatch

to The Press from Mendville, says that the freight brakemen on the New-York, Pennsylvania and Ohio Rallroad struck to-day on account of an order reducing the number of brakemen on freight MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1.-The issue of \$1,000,000 of bonds by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, which was disposed of to Drezel & Co., was a special mortgage, and the security is the same as that of special motigage, and the security is the same as that of the consolidated mortgage of the company. The sale of these bonds is solely for the purpose of providing for the floating debt of the company, which is slightly less than \$1,000,000. The new bonds bear interest at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum, and run for forty years. The Lenigh Coal and Navigation Company is engaged to-day in paying off that portion of the first mortgage loan amounting to \$381,840, which it declined to extend. Of this amount over \$100,000 is in the company's sinking fund.

telegraphed to the Illinois Central and the Wabash roads that the Chicago and Alton had agreed to withdraw the differential rate from St. Louis to New-York, by the way of Chicago, and asking them to resume regular rates without waiting for cilicial notice from him that the Chicago and Alton had restored rates. RALLIGH, N. C., April 1.-The Midland (N. C.) Railroad

was sold to-day by Sheriff Johnson, of this county, under in execution. It was bought by Charles F. Smith, of Bos-JACESON, Miss., April 1.—Counsel for the Illinois

Central Railroad Company this morning filed a bill in the United States Court against The several districts are entitled to representation as for PERRYSVILLE, Ind., April 1.-Eight business buildings somers, asking for an injunction enjoining them from interfering with that read. A similar bill is said to be in preparation by the Mobile and Ohio Rallroad Company for the Aberdeen Court, and one by the Mississippi and Tennessee Rallroad Company for the Oxford Court. The Natchez Rallroad Company will test the matter in the courts at Natchez. It is determined to carry the cases to the Supreme Court of the United States.

At the annual meeting of the Cleverand, Columbus, Chelinnati and Indianapolis Railway Company, on March 5. It was urged in behalf of some of the large stockholders that the net earnings which had been expended in improvements about the restored to the stockholders either in money or in new stock. A speech committee was afterward appointed by the directors to consider the subject. They reported adversely at a full meeting of the board in this city yesterlay.

At the annual election of directors of the Staten Island Railway Company yesterday, Erastus Wiman and his party were elected by 11.670 votes out of 14,000, all opposition from the Vanderbilt party, who last year contested the election, having been overcome: President Palmer, of the Mexican National Railway,

issued yesterday a circular providing for the funding, under the provisions of the trust deed, of six coupons of the first mortrage bonds of that company, beginning with the coupon due April 1, 1884.

## A CONFLICT OF RAILROAD AUTHORITY.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 1 .- President Lovejoy issued orders yesterday, dismissing Colonel Dodge, the general manager of the Denver and Rio te Emiroad. He also dismissed McMurtrie, chief engineer, and Woodward, superintendent of telegraph. Colonel Dodge ordered Superintendent Baneroft and agents of Denver and Rio Grande Western to obey only him. Baneroft and all employes of the Utah system stick by Dodge, who, by the terms of the lease of Denver and Rio Grande Western, is made general manager for life, or till resignation. Denver and Rio Grande, Western embraces all the road west of Grand Junction, Colorado, nearly four hundred miles of road and the key to Western through business. It is understood that General Paimer and Colonel Dodge hold three-fourths of the stock of the Denver and Rio Grande Western. colonel Dodge ordered Superintendent Baneroft and

## THE BROADWAY ARCADE SCHEME,

JOHN I. DAVENPORT POINTS OUT THE NECESSITY FOR BETTER MEANS OF TRANSIT.

In a long letter to the president and directors of the Broadway Underground Railroad, John L Davenport calls attention to certain facts favorable to the arcade railway. Engineering questions having been sat-lafactorily settled, he sees only two questions left for consideration: (1) Are additional facilities for travel needed f (2) Does the areade road present the best and most suitable mode of quick transit for the permanent thef of the present necessities and future wants of New-York! He says that territory annexed in 1874 contained 19:24 square miles, being 2:45 square miles greater in area than the total territory of the city before

tained 19.24 square miles, being 2.45 square miles greater in area than the total territory of the city before annexation, parks not included. The increase in population from 1850 to 1860 was at the average rate, by decades, of 54.23 per cent. From 1860 to 1880 the growth only reached an average, by decades, of 22 per cent. In 1860 468.549 of the city's \$13,660 inhabitants lived in the territory below Fourteenth-st., which is only 3.75 square miles. In 1870, 497.289 out of 94.2292 knhabitants lived in this territory and in 1880, 542.225 knhabitants lived in this territory and in 1880, 542.225 knhabitants lived in this territory and in 1880, 542.225 tout of 1,296, 290. In these facis, says Mr. Davaport, is told the whole story of the decline in growth of population. The lack of sufficient dwellings is brought out in these ligarys: in 1854, 493,592 persons, in 111,000 families, were living in 15,309 tenement-louses and cellars, an average of 7.25 families of 32.37 persons to the house. In 1868, 843,492 persons in 113,402 families were hving in 14,872 tenement-houses, an average of 7.63 families of 31,50 persons to a bouse. In 1880 the population of 1,206,299 was housed in 73,684 buildings in 243,157 mailies; 450,000 were readents or more than 21,000 houses centrainfour families and upwards, an average of 31 persons to each tenement. In other cities in that cear the population and number of dwellings were as follows: Finladelphia, 847,170—146,412; Brooklyn, 566,633—62,233; 84.

Mr. Davenport shows that the population on Manhattan Island far exceeds the maximum consistent with health, but and the of 31 cleation districts is presented, having from 2,107 to 3,263 mhabitants, the area in acres ranging from 1,72 to 3.67. The range in population per serie is from 590,44 to 1,596,51, and the range in rate of population per square mile from 371,451 to 1,022,667. The aggregation of such a population in so restricted a portion or the city, Mr. Davenport argues, is primarily due to want of proper facilities for travel. That

6,835,548 passengers were carried on two roads, and is 1863, 268,749,877 on twenty-three roads.

By the arcade railway Mr. Davenport claims that the great desideration of speed can alone be accomplished. Incidentally a four-track road would be valuable in transporting freight now subject to damage in cartage, and would permit of the placing of sewer, water, steam and gus pipes, felephone, telegraph and electric light wires, in great sub-ways beneath the walks on either side of the track, and thus prevent the incessant tearing up of pavements in Broadway.

Sore Throats and Hoarseness are effectually cured by JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.

Lundborg's Perfume, Edenia. Lundborg's Perfume, Marschal Niel Rosa. Lundborg's Perfume, Alpins Violet. Lundborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley. The Finest

EASTER CARDS
in the city at LEAGE'S, 86 Nassau-st

DIED. BENJAMIN-In Weshington, D. C., April 1, Elizabeth d'Hauteville, daughter of Colonel Samuel N. and Julia Keas Benjasain, in her 14th year.

The funeral services will take place at St. Philip's-in-the-Highlands, Garrison, N. Y., on Thuraday, April 3, on arrival of 11 o'clock train from New-York.

BAKER-At Newtonvill, Mass, March 31, David Baker, aged 73 years, late of Brooklyn.
Fineral at the residence of his son, Henry N. Baker, in Newtonville, Wednesday, April 2, at 2 p. m.
Interment at Greenwood. Interment at Greenwood.

DE HART-At Jamaica, L. I., on the 30th inst., Janette Folds, daughter of the Rev. William H and Janette E. De Hart, aged 4 years 6 months.

Funeral on Wedereday, April 2, at 3 o'clock, from the Reformed Parsonage, Jamaica. formed Parsonage, Jamatoz.

DIETZ—At Orange, N. J., March 31, of Bright's disease,
James M. Dietz, aged 50 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the
funeral, from his late restinence. Ridge-st., Orange, N. J., on
Thursday, 3d inst., on arrival of the 9:10 a.m. train from
New-York.

Interment at Green wood.

HAMILTON. April 1, 1924, pp. 15.

HAMILTON—April 1, 1884, on the steamer City of Columbia, Arthur Stewart Hamilton, of this city, in the 41st year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

HILL-Suddenly, at the Repauno Chemical Works, Gibb town, New-Jersey, March 29, Walter N. Hill, in his 389 year.
Boston papers please copy.
LORD—Suddenly, in City of Mexico, on 30th ula, Dr. Charles
H. Lord, of Tucson, Arizona.

LEYPOLDT-On Monday, March 31, F. Leypolds, publisher, in his 49th year.

Funeral private.

DIFFEN DOLLARS.

In his aven perivate.

OTTENDORFER—On Tuesday, April I, Anna, wife of Oswald Ottendorfer.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at I o'clock from her late residence, No. 7 East 17th-8t.

STIGER—At Mendham, N. J., March 31, 1884, Mias Mary L. Stiger, Aughter of Dr. John S. and Anna Stiger.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, at the house. Thursday, April 3, 1 o'clock p. m.

Carriages will be in waiting at Morristown Depot for the arrival of the 9:10 a. m. train from foot of Barclay-st., New York.

Please omit flowers.

COMPANY B, 7th REODERNT, N. G. S. N. Y.,

NEW-YORK April 1, 1884.

The members of this company are requested to sitend the funeral of Sidney P. Ingraham, formerly captain of this company, from his late residence, No. 2, 109 5thaws, ou wednesday, April 2, at 2 o'clook.

D. N. NESHIT, 1st Serg't.

Gaptain.

Artistic Memorials.
The NEW-ENGLAND GRANITZ WORKS, Hartford, Dolla Quarries and Workshops, Westerly, R. f.
Pine nond medial and but line york in socials. Derwings and estimates artistished without party. Correspond to the line of N. Y. Oshop, L. Sell Wway, C. W. CANFIZLO, Arts.

BY ORTGIES & CO. ART GALLERIES, 845 and 847 Broadway. NOW ON THEE EXHIBITION.

CHYSANTHEMUSS, BY GLORGES JEANNIN, AND CHOICE EXIMPLES OF CARL BECKER, SCHLESSINGER OTTO GEBLER AND OTHERS, TO be sold at aucifica, without reserve. THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, APRIL 3, 4, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

# James Mean's \$3 SHOES. Every Saturday morning J. urnal tells how to get it.

Non-ofensive to the most requed, is imparted to LACES, GLOVES and NOTE PAPER, by MASSEYS PROPERS, TINE VIOLET ORBIS, originated by CAS WELL, MASSEY & CO., Chemists, 1,12 Broadway and ASS Schave. N. Y.

Republican Primary Elections.

Republican Primary Elections.

The Republican voters enrolled in the several Assumbly districts will meet at the places bereinfacts amend on FittDAY, April In, Lesi, for the purpose of electing designates and alternates to a state Convenion to be held at Ulica April 25, 1884, and delegates and alternates to the National Convention to be held at Chicago June 4, 1884. Excepting that in the 44th Assumbly District the election shall be held on April 10, 1884, and delegates chown to a convection to be constituted as follows: 23d Ward, 21 delegates; 24th Ward, 27 delegates, the Excepting Hall, advays, and testings, on FRIDAY EVENING, April 11, 1884, and cheeped and the second the delegates which shall be to the following that it is a state of the second the delegates and alternates the district is entitled to

Streeth 2 Nucleorth 3
Nucle 4 Presented 3
Nucle 4 Presented 3
Nucle 4 Presented 3
Presented 4 Presented 4
Presented 4 Presented 4
Presented 5
Representation in the Congressional District Conventions about 10 Street 4 Presented 5
Representation in the Congressional District Conventions about 10 Street 1 is which the Assembly District Consention of the State Congressional District Consentiation shall be in accordance with such agreement. The congressional District Conventions will be held on SATURDAY EVENTING April 10, 1834, at 5 o'clock, at the following named places:
Stat Congressional District, 28 Variete, place.
Stat Congressional District, at 03 Ludiow-4.
Bits Congressional District, at 03 Ludiow-4.
Bits Congressional District, at 03 Ludiow-4.
Bits Congressional District, at 40% 24-29.

13th Congressional District, at Hamilton House, 125th-st.

Ves. In the lat, 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 16th, and 18th Assembly Dis-ricts and 28d and 24th Wards, the polls will remain open tricts and 28th and 28th warms, the poles was remained open from 5 p. m. to 10 p. m.

In the 5th, 7th, 8th, 8th, 16th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, and 22d Assembly Districts the boils will remain open from 8 c. m. to 10 p. m.

In each district the inspectors will provide two ballot boxes, at one of which the votes shall be received of all voters whose surnames begin with any better of the alphanet from A to Ma-inclusive; and at the other, the votes of all those whose sur-names begin with any letter of the alphanet from N to Z-in-clusive.

clieive.

The members of the State Committee shall, in their respective districts, act as Temperary Churmsh of the Congressional District Convention until such time as all contests have been decided and a permanent organization effects.

By order of the County Committee,

JOHN J. O'BRIEN, President.

SOLON B. SMITH, Secretary.

SOLIAN B. PAITTH, SECRETARY.

Letters for Enrope find the be apeculity directed for disperiod by any particular feature it order to secure speedy inlivery at destination, as all tomassizante maits are forwarded
by the factor's vessels available.

Portugal mints for the week chiling April 5 will come as this

By the factorist vascolic available.
Foreign minis for the week ending April 5 will close at this office as follows.
WEDNESDAY—At 7:10 a m. for Europe, per a s. Elder, via Sonthampton and Bromen delices for France must be directed "per Ricer 1; a 7:30 a. m. for Europe, per a s. a topicsonic and phononous, delices must be directed "per Ricer 1; a 1:730 s. m. for Europe, per a s. a topicsonic and phononous, delices must be directed "per Ricer 1; a 1:730 s. m. for France invest, per s. a morting, via Havre, at 0 a m. for the Nother, per s. a morting, via Havre, at 0 a m. for the Nother, for the per s. a carriage per s. a City of Richmons direct, per s. s. a near an analysis of the minister of the per life of Richmons of the directed "per City of Richmons" at 1 a m. for Vertexenia and Curacco, per s. a Carriage, per s. a viciant, via Plymonia, theseburg and Hamoura; at 1 p. m. for thermons, per s. a Carriage, per s. a viciant, via Plymonia, theseburg and Hamoura; at 1 p. m. for thermons, per s. s. Ormoco; at 1 sop. for cubs, the west inches and Mexico, per s. a. Carriage and the control of the directed of the per life of the directed of

British mails for Australia). "The schedule of closing of trans-Pacific mails is arranged on

Post Office, New-York, N. Y., March 25, 1934.

York.

ZABRISKIE—At Bisomfield, N. J., on Sunday, March 30, James Romeyn Zabriskie, in the 64th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to actend the funeral services at his late residence, on Wednesday, April 2.

Carriages will await the arrival of 2:10 p. m. train from Barclay or Christopher sta., New York.

Interment at convenience of family.

INGRAPAM—On Monday, March 31, 1884, Sidney P. lagra. ham, in the 78th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, 2,109 5th ave., between 129th and 130th six, on Wednesday, April 2, 1884, at 2 o'clock.

Please omit flowers.

## Sperial Notices.

Carpet Cleaning, T. M. STEWART.

R. Somerville, Auctioneer.

OIL AND WATER COLLECTION OF COLD AND WATER COLOR PAINTINGS, BY JAMES CHAWFORD FROM Comprising many of the most Important works of the well-known artist.

ALSO THE CELEBRATED PAINTING,

leth Congressional District, at 499 3d-ava. 11th Congressional District, at 352 West 35th-at. 1tth Congressional District at Morton Hall, 8 East 59th-13th Congressional state and sit barriers and sit-series will be need at the following named places:
1st District, 268 Variek-st.
2d Instrict, 366 Pearlist.
3d District, Science Hall, 141 8th-st.
4th District, 197 East Broadway.
5th District, 197 East Broadway.
5th District, 197 East Broadway.

6th District, 99 Cluson st. 7th District, 56 Cluson st. 8th District, 68 Ludiowst. 9th District, Bleecker Buildings. 10th District, Concernin Hall, 98 Avenue A. 11th District, 29 East 4th-st. 19th District, 29 East 4th-st.

12th District, 202 Sale-ave,
13th District, 202 Sale-ave,
14th District, Ryan's Hall, lithest and 1st-ave,
15th District, Ryan's Hall, lithest and 1st-ave,
15th District, 352 West Abthest,
16th District, 352 West Abthest,
16th District, Tunn Hall, 31 West 47th-st,
18th District, West 67th-st, and Boulevard,
20th District, West 67th-st, and Boulevard,
20th District, West 67th-st, 15th East 54th-st,
21st District, West 67th-st, 5th East 54th-st,
22st District, West 67th-st, 15th East 54th-st,
23d District, Hildebrand Hall, Southeast corner 116th-st
and 2d-ave,
23d Ward, Hohman's Hall, 148th-st, and 3d-ave,
24th Ward, 177th-st, between Washington and Bailroad
aves.

the presumption of their mannerrapied overtand transit is san Francisco. Mails from the gast arriving on the as for the practice on the day of sailing of steamers are disjuicied thence the name day.